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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT DISTRICT OF RHODE ISLAND

JAN 19 2012

John A Guglielmo and Maryann Guglielmo U.S. DISTRICT COURT BISTRICT OF R.L.

VS.

C.A. NO.

Mortgage Electronic Registration Systems, Inc; OneWest Bank, FSB; and Deutsche Bank National Trust Company, as Trustee of the Home Equity Mortgage Loan Asset-Backed Trust Series INABS 2007-B, Home Equity Mortgage Loan Asset Backed Certificates, Series INABS 2007-B

CA12- 32M

COMPLAINT FOR DECLATORY JUDGMENT AND INJUNCTIVE RELIEF

This claim is brought pursuant to the provisions of the Declaratory Judgment Act and as such fall within the jurisdiction of this Honorable Court.

Parties

- 1. Plaintiffs John A. Guglielmo and Maryann Guglielmo (hereinafter referred to as "Guglielmo") is a resident of the State of Rhode Island. The subject property is located at 25 Knight Street Cranston, RI.
- 2. Mortgage Electronic Registration Systems, Inc. ("MERS") has a mailing address of PO Box 2026, Flint, Michigan 48501. MERS allegedly assigned said mortgage to OneWest.
- 3. OneWest Bank, FSB ("OneWest") has a mailing address of 888 East Walnut Street, Pasadena, CA 91101. OneWest allegedly assigned said mortgage to Deutsche Bank.
- 4. Deutsche Bank National Trust Company, as Trustee of the Home Equity Mortgage Loan Asset-Backed Trust Series INABS 2007-B, Home Equity Mortgage Loan Asset Backed Certificates, Series INABS 2007-B ("Deutsche Bank") has a mailing address of 888 East Walnut Street, Pasadena, CA 91101. Deutsche Bank was allegedly the foreclosing entity.

Jurisdiction

- 5. This Honorable Court has subject matter jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1332 (diversity jurisdiction) and the matter in controversy exceeds \$75,000.00 exclusive of interest and costs, and because the Defendant is a foreign corporation based outside of the State of Rhode Island.
- 6. Venue is proper in this District pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391 b) (2) in that a substantial part of the events or omissions giving rise to this claim have occurred, and the real property that is the subject of this action is situated within the State of Rhode Island.
- 7. Plaintiff further avers that the Court has redressible claims over the matters in this complaint pursuant to the following statutes:
 - a. Plaintiff, pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983 claims loss of state property rights to redeem her mortgage from an unauthorized foreclosure advertiser without a judicial hearing.
 - b. Plaintiff claims ownership of the latter described premises and seeks to clear her title of all illegal encumbrances pursuant to the provisions of Rhode Island General Laws § 34-16-4.
 - c. Plaintiff claims ownership of the latter described premises and seeks to clear her title of all void conveyances pursuant to the provisions of Rhode Island General Laws § 34-16-4.
 - d. Plaintiff claims that only she has a marketable title to the premises pursuant to the provisions of R.I.G.L. § 34-13.1-5, to wit, forty (40) years of ownership of the fee interest.
 - e. Plaintiff as a mortgagor, may seek to redeem, pursuant to R.I.G.L. § 34-26-1, her mortgage note and mortgage deed from the actual mortgagee, or lawful assignee of the mortgage deed and note.
 - f. Plaintiff claims a judicial determination pursuant to R.I.G.L. § 9-30-2 whether the deed to the premises is affected by any conveyance of another person in her chain of title.

Facts

8. On March 16, 2007, Guglielmo executed a mortgage (the "Mortgage") which named MERS, acting solely as the nominee for Lender and Lender's successors and assigns. MERS was clearly named as the Mortgagee and not named as the Lender.

- 9. In the mortgage the Lender is identified as IndyMac.
- 10. On or about July 15, 2009, MERS attempted to assign this Mortgage to OneWest. ("Assignment") Chamagne Wiliams signed. Chamagne Williams had no authority to assign.
- 11. Chamagne Williams was an employee at OneWest, not a Vice-President or Assistant Secretary of MERS.
- 12. Chamagne Williams was not a Vice President of MERS.
- 13. OneWest was located in Williamson County, TX.
- 14. MERS is located in Flint, Michigan and/or Reston, Virginia.
- 15. The document was notarized in Williamson County, TX, not Flint Michigan or Reston Virginia.
- 16. OneWest ordered the assignment to OneWest.
- 17. MERS did not order the assignment to OneWest.
- 18. No power of attorney from MERS to either Chamagne Williams or OneWest is recorded and referenced in the subject assignment.
- 19. The referenced corporate resolution is of no force and effect.
- 20. MERS never holds the beneficial interest in the subject property.
- 21. An assignment of the mortgage without a corresponding negotiation of the promissory note is a nullity.
- 22. The assignment is void pursuant to R.I.G.L. 34-11-1.
- 23. The "Assignment" is fatally flawed in its execution and effect by virtue of the fact that is was not assigned by the mortgagee as required by General Laws of Rhode Island at §34-11-24.
- 24. The FDIC closed IndyMac in June, 2008.
- 25. Any transfers of IndyMac assets after June, 2008 must be approved by the FDIC.
- 26. The beneficial interest in the property can only be transferred through negotiation of the promissory note.

- 27. An assignment of the mortgage without a corresponding negotiation of the promissory note is a nullity.
- 28. OneWest never held the legal or beneficial interest in the subject premises.
- 29. The assignment is void due to failure of consideration.
- 30. On or about January 21, 2011, OneWest/MERS attempted to assign this Mortgage to Deutsche Bank. ("Assignment")
- 31. OneWest never holds an interest in the subject property.
- 32. An assignment of the mortgage without a corresponding negotiation of the promissory note is a nullity.
- 33. The assignment is void pursuant to R.I.G.L. 34-11-1.
- 34. The "Assignment" is fatally flawed in its execution and effect by virtue of the fact that is was not assigned by the mortgagee as required by **General Laws of Rhode**Island at §34-11-24.
- 35. OneWest never held the legal or beneficial interest in the subject premises.
- 36. The assignment is void due to failure of consideration.
- 37. The assignment is void due to discrepancies in its terms.
- 38. In sentence 1 of the assignment the grantor is identified as OneWest, yet the signatory was MERS.
- 39. This discrepancy renders this assignment void pursuant to RIGL 34-11-1.
- 40. On or about January 21, 2011, OneWest/MERS attempted to assign this Mortgage to Deutsche Bank. ("Assignment")
- 41. OneWest never holds an interest in the subject property.
- 42. An assignment of the mortgage without a corresponding negotiation of the promissory note is a nullity.
- 43. The assignment is void pursuant to R.I.G.L. 34-11-1.
- 44. The "Assignment" is fatally flawed in its execution and effect by virtue of the fact that is was not assigned by the mortgagee as required by **General Laws of Rhode**Island at §34-11-24.

- 45. On or about April 27, 2011, Deutsche Bank attempted to convey this foreclosed property to Deutsche Bank. ("Assignment")
- 46. Deutsche Bank never holds an interest in the subject property.
- 47. Brian Burnett executed the foreclosure deed for OneWest under power of attorney from Deutsche Bank.
- 48. There is no recorded power of attorney from Deutsche Bank to either Brian Burnett and OneWest.
- 49. The foreclosure deed is void pursuant to R.I.G.L. 34-11-1.
- 50. The "Foreclosure Deed" is fatally flawed in its execution and effect by virtue of the fact that is was not signed by the mortgagee as required by **General Laws of Rhode Island at §34-11-24.**
- 51. Subsequent to May 5, 2011, Deutsche Bank rescinded the foreclosure and returned possession of the premises to Guglielmo.
- 52. On or about November 3, 2011, the FDIC allegedly assigned this mortgage to Deutsche Bank. JC San Pedro signed. JC San Pedro had no authority to assign.
- 53. JC San Pedro was an employee of OneWest not the FDIC.
- 54. There is no recorded power of attorney from the FDIC to OneWest or JC San Pedro relative to the subject loan.
- 55. The assignment is void pursuant to R.I.G.L. 34-11-1.
- 56. The "Assignment" is fatally flawed in its execution and effect by virtue of the fact that is was not assigned by the mortgagee as required by **General Laws of Rhode**Island at §34-11-24.
- 57. Deutsche Bank had no standing to foreclose.
- 58. The Mortgage, at page 1, defines the Lender as IndyMac.
- 59. The Mortgage contains language that provides for the Statutory Power of Sale in the event of a default on the note by Guglielmo.
- 60. At Paragraph 22 of the Mortgage, entitled "Acceleration; Remedies", it states that "Lender shall give notice to Borrower prior to acceleration following Borrower's breach of any covenant or agreement in this Security Instrument (but not prior to acceleration under Section 18 unless Applicable Law provides otherwise). The notice shall specify: (a) the default; (b) the action required to cure the default;

(c) a date, not less than 30 days from the date the notice is given to Borrower, by which the default must be cured; and (d) that failure to cure the default on or before the date specified in the notice may result in acceleration of the sums secured by this Security Instrument and sale of the Property. The notice shall further inform Borrower of the right to reinstate after acceleration and the right to bring a court action to assert the non-existence of a default or any other defense of Borrower to acceleration and sale. If the default is not cured on or before the date specified in the notice, Lender at its option may require immediate payment in full of sums secured by this Security Instrument without further demand and may invoke the STATUTORY POWER OF SALE and any other remedies permitted by Applicable Law. Lender shall be entitled to collect all expenses incurred in pursuing the remedies provided in this Section 22, including but not limited to, reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of title evidence.

If Lender invokes the STATUTORY POWER OF SALE, Lender shall mail a copy of a notice of sale to Borrower as provided in Section 15. Lender shall publish the notice of sale, and the Property shall be sold in the manner prescribed by Applicable Law, Lender or its designee may purchase the Property at any sale. The proceeds of the sale shall be applied in the following order: (a) to all expense of the sale, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorneys' fees; (b) to all sums secured by this Security Instrument; and (c) any excess to the person or persons legally entitled to it." (emphasis added)

- 61. The mortgage does not state anywhere that the mortgagee or its assigns may invoke the Statutory Power of Sale.
- 62. The Lender never invoked the statutory power of sale in this matter.
- 63. The Lender never mailed a notice of sale to the Borrower.
- 64. The Lender never published the notice of sale.
- 65. MERS, which is not the Lender, wrongly and without contractual or statutory authority, attempted to invoke the power of sale.
- 66. MERS, which is not the Lender, wrongly published the notice of sale without contractual or statutory authority.
- 67. The actions taken by MERS are without any force or effect relative to the invocation of the statutory power of sale or the actual sale of the property because it is not now, nor has it ever been the Lender as defined by both the note and the mortgage.
- 68. OneWest, which is not the Lender, wrongly and without contractual or statutory authority, attempted to invoke the power of sale.

- 69. OneWest, which is not the Lender, wrongly published the notice of sale without contractual or statutory authority.
- 70. The actions taken by OneWest are without any force or effect relative to the invocation of the statutory power of sale or the actual sale of the property because it is not now, nor has it ever been the Lender as defined by both the note and the mortgage.
- 71. Deutsche Bank, which is not the Lender, wrongly and without contractual or statutory authority, attempted to invoke the power of sale.
- 72. Deutsche Bank, which is not the Lender, wrongly published the notice of sale without contractual or statutory authority.
- 73. The actions taken by Deutsche Bank are without any force or effect relative to the invocation of the statutory power of sale or the actual sale of the property because it is not now, nor has it ever been the Lender as defined by both the note and the mortgage.
- 74. The foreclosure sale was not noticed or scheduled or advertised as required by the Note and Mortgage.
- 75. To foreclose pursuant to §34-11-22, the language of the Statute and the Note and Mortgage must be followed to the letter.
- 76. The foreclosure is not in compliance with statutory mandates and is not in compliance with the plain language in the Note and Mortgage.
- 77. MERS has no standing to foreclose.
- 78. OneWest has no standing to foreclose.
- 79. Deutsche Bank has no standing to foreclose.
- 80. The Lender in this case was the only party, pursuant to the plain language of the mortgage, which was prepared by and used by the Defendant or Defendants, and in the event of any inconsistencies in said document, said inconsistencies and the results thereof are the fault of the Defendant or Defendants and the negative results thereof shall be construed against the Defendant or Defendants.
- 81. The facts and documents relative to this matter establish that any foreclosure relative to this property must be done judicially and not by way of advertisement and auction due to failure to exactly follow the letter of the law.
- 82. This claim is brought pursuant to the provisions of the Declaratory Judgment pursuant to the act.

- 83. This is a justiciable controversy and is appropriate for Declaratory Judgment pursuant to the act.
- 84. The note is current or has been satisfied by another third party.
- 85. IndyMac never transferred possession of or negotiated the promissory note to OneWest, MERS, or Deutsche Bank.
- 86. Deutsche Bank does not possess the promissory note.
- 87. The promissory note was never specially endorsed to Deutsche Bank.
- 88. Deutsche Bank does not have the right to enforce the promissory note.
- 89. The note is no longer recognized as an asset or account receivable of Deutsche Bank.
- 90. The note was no longer recognized as an asset or account receivable of IndyMac.
- 91. The note was no longer recognized as an asset or account receivable of OneWest.
- 92. The note was no longer recognized as an asset or account receivable of Deutsche Bank.
- 93. Deutsche Bank does not hold the note.
- 94. The mortgage is unsecured.
- 95. The mortgage is void due to fraud.
- 96. The mortgage is void pursuant to R.I.G.L. 34-11-1.
- 97. The mortgage is unsecured pursuant to R.I.G.L. 34-4-11.
- 98. The note is void due to fraud.
- 99. IndyMac was not the true Lender in the underlying mortgage transaction.
- 100. The funds to fund the transaction came from a third party, not IndyMac.

COUNT I Declaratory Judgment

- 101. The Plaintiff herein reincorporates paragraphs 1-100 as if they are fully articulated herein.
- 102. By virtue of these facts and the legal consequence thereof, the foreclosure failed to vest title in Deutsche Bank or the successful bidder at the foreclosure sale.
- 103. Guglielmo owns the subject property.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff prays this Court to issue an order, pursuant to the

Uniform Declaratory Judgment Act, as follows:

- a. That judgment enters for Plaintiff on Plaintiff's Complaint regarding title to and ownership of the subject property.
- b. That the Court finds that Plaintiff owns the property as a matter of law.
- c. That the foreclosure sale be voided.
- d. Only Plaintiff has marketable title pursuant to R.I.G.L. §34-13-1-1, et al.
- e. That the Court or other trier of fact order the defendants to pay Plaintiff's damages, which it deems appropriate.
- f. Declare the conveyance void pursuant to R.I.G.L. §34-11-1.
- g. Declare the assignment void pursuant to R.I.G.L. §34-11-1 and §34-11-24.
- h. Declare the acknowledgment void pursuant to R.I.G.L. §34-12-1, et al.
- i. That the Court or other trier of fact award Plaintiff's costs, including reasonable attorney's fees.

Plaintiffs

By their Attorneys,

George E. Babcock, Esq. (#3747)

Corey J. Allard, Esq. (#7476)

574 Central Avenue Pawtucket, RI 02861

(401)724-1904

COUNT II Quieting Title Rhode Island General Law §34-16-5

- 103. The Plaintiffs herein reincorporate paragraphs 1-103 as if they are articulated herein.
- 104. The real estate at issue is a residential property located at 25 Knight Street. Cranston, RI.
- 105. Deutsche Bank or its successors claim to have the right to foreclose on the property. The address of Deutsche Bank is set forth hereinabove.
- 106. Plaintiff purchased the property on March 26, 2006.
- 107. Deutsche Bank or the successful bidder at the foreclosure sale took a foreclosure deed.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs pray for the following relief:

- a. That judgment enters for Plaintiff on Plaintiff's complaint regarding title and ownership of the subject property.
- b. That the Court finds that Plaintiff owns the property as a matter of law.
- c. That the Court order any foreclosure sale voided.
- d. That the Court enters an order quieting title to this property specifying that Plaintiff owns a fee simple interest in the subject property.
- e. That the Court or other trier of fact award Plaintiff costs, including reasonable attorney's fees.

Plaintiffs

By their Attorneys,

George E. Babcock, Esq. (#3747) Corey J. Allard, Esq. (#7476)

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COUNT III- PUNITIVE DAMAGES

108. The Plaintiff herein reincorporates paragraphs 1-107 as if they are articulated herein.

- 109. MERS, OneWest, and Deutsche Bank's actions were malicious, wanton, and/or willful.
- 110. MERS, OneWest, and Deutsche Bank's actions were criminal in nature in contravention of R.I.G.L. 11-9.1-15, R.I.G.L. 11-17-4, R.I.G.L. 11-18-1, and R.I.G.L. 11-41-4.
- 111. MERS, One West, and Deutsche Bank have victimized thousands of Rhode Island citizens with their deceptive practices regarding the false filing of documents in the Land Evidence Records of the various cities and towns, lack of communication and transparency of actual note holders, and fraudulent misrepresentations in the modification and foreclosure processes.
- 112. MERS, OneWest, and Deutsche Bank's conduct requires deterrence and punishment forcing these entities to deal fairly with the citizens of Rhode Island.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs pray for punitive damages totaling \$10 million.

Plaintiff

By his Attorneys,

George E. Babcook, Esq. (#3747)

Corey J. Allard, Esq. (#7476)

574 Central Avenue Pawtucket, RI 02861

(401)724-1904

Dated:

The Plaintiff Demands a Trial by Jury.